COMP1531 Projects - Continuous Integration

Lecture 3.2

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In This Lecture

- Why? 🤔
 - To scale multi-user software projects, we need automated ways to integrate and test code
- What?
 - Continuous Integration
 - Pipelines
 - Runners



Continuous Integration: Practice of automating the integration of code changes from multiple contributors into a single software project.

Or in more concrete terms: Helping make merges into master more **frequent** and **stable**.



Typically continuous integration consists of a **series of operations that are executed on any commit that is pushed to the repository**, for example:

- Building (not applicable in JS)
- Testing
- More (in next lectures).

i.e. To oversimplify, continuous integration allows us to:

1. Automatically run npm run test (and more) on every commit.

2. Get a visual "OK"/"Not OK" summary of this on gitlab, including more details.



Every git website has it's own way of handling continuous integration. With gitlab, it's the addition of a .gitlab-ci.yml file within the root of your git repository. An example that just does testing would be:

```
image: comp1531/basic:latest
 1
 2
 3
   cache:
    paths:
 4
 5
       - node_modules
 6
   stages:
 7
     - checks
 8
 9
10
   sanity:
   stage: checks
11
12 script:
       - echo 'Hello!'
13
```

3.2_gitlab-ci_basic.yml

Let's try and add this to a repo.



1 Commit 🖇 3 Branches 🛷 0 Tags 🖹 102 KB Files 🗔 133 KB Storage Forked from COMP1531 / 21T3 / STAFF / repos / Lab 08 / lab08_cod				
master v lab08_cod /	+ ~ History	Find file Web IDE 🛃 🗸 Clone 🗸		
Ready to go COMP1531 Bot authored 1 year	ago	fdd1114e		
① Upload File ⓐ README ⓐ CI/CD configuration ⓓ Add LICENSE ⓓ Add CHANGELOG ④ Add CONTRIBUTING ⓓ Add Kubernetes cluster ⓐ Configure Integrations				
Name	Last commit	Last update		
♦ .gitignore	Ready to go	1 month ago		
🖊 .gitlab-ci.yml	Ready to go	1 month ago		
M* README.md	Ready to go	1 month ago		
ne cod.py	Ready to go	1 month ago		
net cod_test.py	Ready to go	1 month ago		

See the tick? This tick indicates that some process was run from the last commit. It uses .gitlab-ci.yml to figure out what to run. You can click the tick.



⊘ pa	assed Job pytest triggered 1 month ago by 🐠 Rani Jiang	Duration: 13 seconds
Ат	his job is archived. Only the complete pipeline can be retried.	Finished: 1 month ago
		Timeout: 15m (from runner)
		Runner: #49 (tBsSVHYJ) COMP1531 Primary Runner
	1 Running with gitlab-runner 13.8.0 (775dd39d)	
	2 on COMP1531 Primary Runner tBsSVHYJ	Commit fdd1114e [
/	3 Preparing the "docker" executor 00:03	Ready to go
	4 Using Docker executor with image comp1531/basic:20T3	
	5 Using locally found image version due to "if-not-presen t" pull policy	\bigcirc Pipeline #922720 for master [$^{e_1}_{C2}$
	<pre>6 Using docker image sha256:b9bde8920c13862905ac628e8eda7 d1fa59a4760287992cad96899d1de965954 for comp1531/basic:2</pre>	checks ~
	<pre>0T3 with digest comp1531/basic@sha256:bf744bea3285c32384 63fbc90f0b97e3bd3ba905b9a83b6d1486aa96b558c02d</pre>	→ ⊘pytest
	8 Preparing environment 00:01	
	9 Running on runner-tbssvhyj-project-221082-concurrent-0 via cashewbread	
	11 Getting source from Git repository 00:03	
	12 Fetching changes with git depth set to 50	
	13 Reinitialized existing Git repository in /builds/COMP15 31/22T1/STAFF/repos/lab08/lab08_cod/.git/	
	14 Checking out fdd1114e as master	
	15 Removing .pytest_cache/	
	16 Removingpycache/	
	17 Skipping Git submodules setup	
1	19 Executing "step_script" stage of the job script 00:04	
	20 \$ pytest	

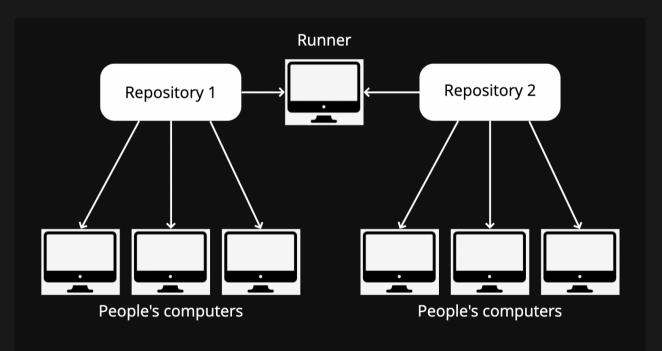
This is what we call the **pipeline** - a summary of what was run.



When a commit is pushed, all of the code in that commit is taken by another computer (or "runner") and has the .gitlab-ci.yml instructions run on it.



Architecture





A runner really is just another computer whose sole job it is to run these "pipelines".

For more commercial products **github** and **bitbucket**, they have an array of runners that are used for people with git repositories. These tend to have free usage limits and then they start charging.

For **gitlab**, runners are not build in, but we've setup a runner for you. This runner runs on any .gitlab-ci.yml configuration that is pushed within the COMP1531 repos on gitlab.



Now let's add **jest** to the pipeline!

```
image: comp1531/basic:latest
 1
 2
   cache:
 3
    paths:
 4
 5
       - node_modules
 6
 7
   stages:
 8
     - checks
 9
10
   testing:
   stage: checks
11
12 script:
13
  - npm run test
```

3.2_gitlab-ci_test.yml



Normally you would have an extra step here for npm install!

- 1 testing:
- 2 stage: checks
- 3 script:

5

- 4 npm install
 - npm run test



In summary, continuous integration assists us in making frequent code changes, because we can:

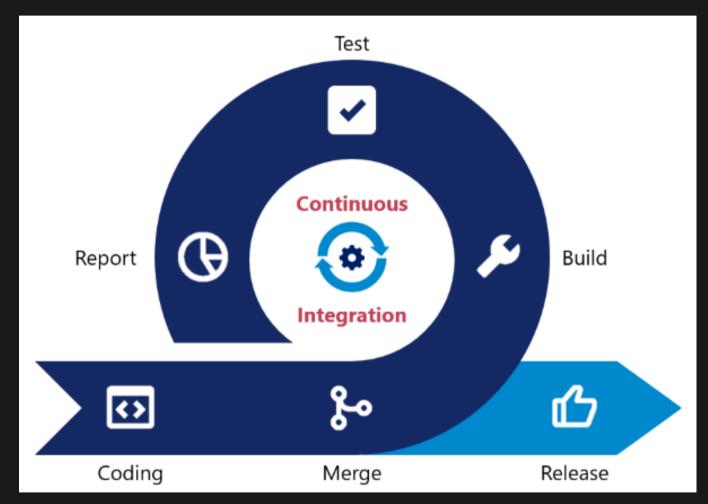
1. Write tests

2. Write implementation

- 3. Push to gitlab + add merge request
- 4. Make sure we have the green tick
- 5. Merge in

Confidence!







An important rule to follow is that your **master** branch should ALWAYS be green. No code should be merged into it unless you're getting the green tick.



You should definitely read the following:

- Gitlab Continuous Integration
- Atlassian Continuous Integration





Or go to the form here.